

What are we up to with blackcurrant and human health?

Derek Stewart

Enhancing Crop Productivity and Utilisation



Food security has been at the forefront of many agendas.

Matched with this is economic stability and growth.

However health via dietary means has been busier than ever.

For blackcurrant, a minor crop in global terms, there have been several interesting advances with respect to human health

Berries...

- Good nutritional value
- Excellent source of bioactive compounds called polyphenols; Health beneficial effects
- Good source of antioxidants, compounds that *in vitro* are able to scavenge free radicals cause of cell aging and death... However....!!
- Is this what happens in vivo??



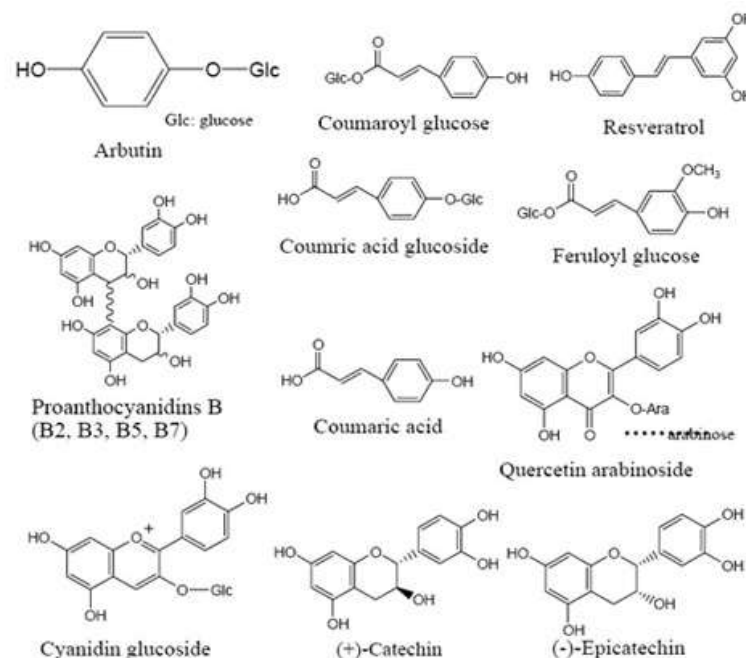
Polyphenols - bioactive compounds

- Polyphenols represent a group of secondary metabolites commonly found in higher plants

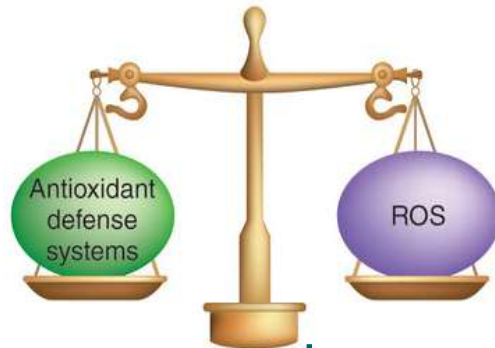
- Polyphenols are class of organic chemicals characterized by the presence of phenol structural units

- Due to the diverse biological properties polyphenols are found to be potential candidates for use as a drugs to treat diseases such as:

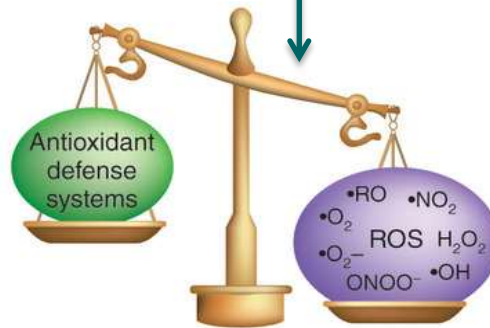
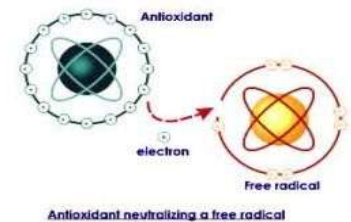
Diabetes types I and II, cardiovascular diseases, cancer, AIDS, bacterial infections, neural disorders



Oxidative stress cause of cell aging and death



Normal, balanced stage



Source of Reactive Oxygen Species

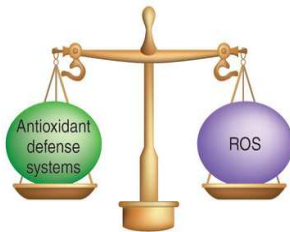
- Air pollution
- UV rays
- Bio products from food and metabolism of chemicals
- Cellular respiration

- 
- | | |
|----------------------|----------------------|
| • Biomembrane damage | • Protein damage |
| • DNA damage | • Lipid peroxidation |



Cancer CVD, Diabetes type I II, Neurodegenerative diseases

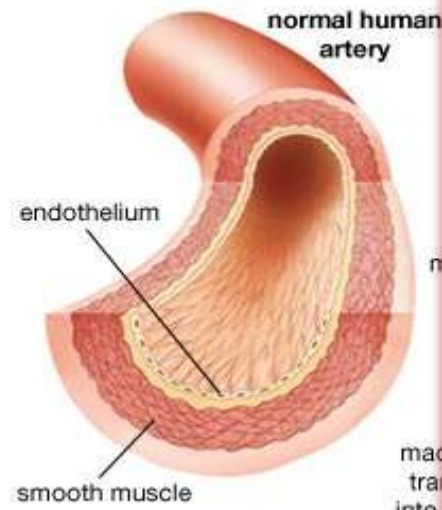
Free radicals cause cardiovascular diseases development



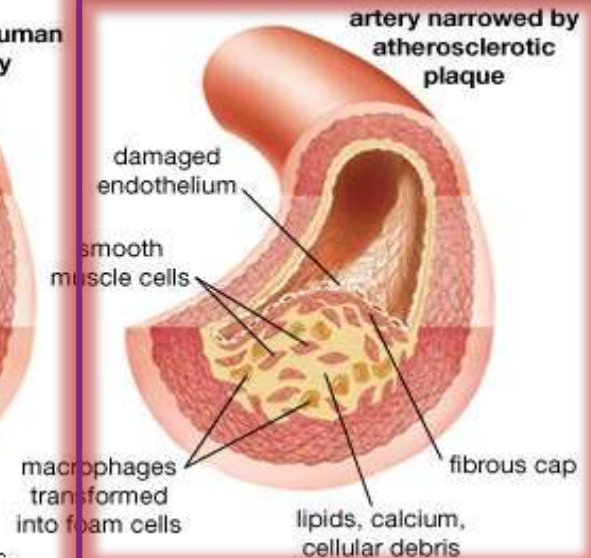
Oxidative stress



Atherosclerosis



© 2007 Encyclopædia Britannica, Inc.



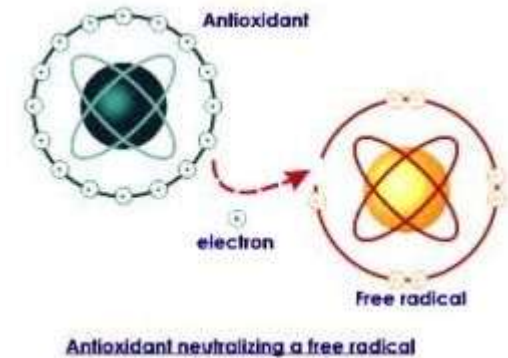
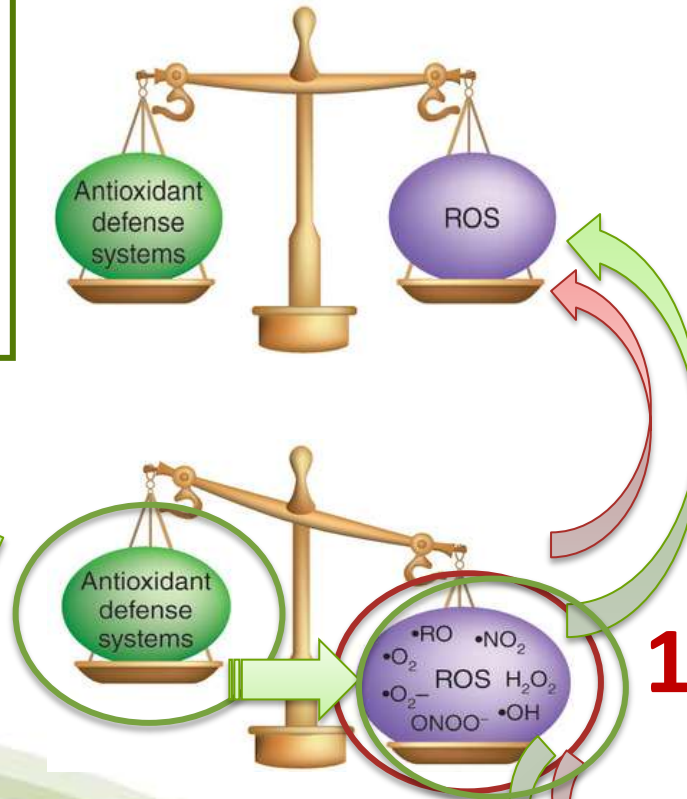
**Stroke, Atherosclerosis,
High Blood Pressure, Heart
attack**

- Protein damage and lipid peroxidation leads to loss of the membrane integrity, cell damage and death
- Biomembrane damage leads to the cell death
- DNA damage leads to mutations

Possible role of polyphenols...

- POLYPHENOLS can act through co-action with cell membrane receptors
- induction of the cell signalling pathways
- modulation of the genes and proteins expression

2



O₂, H₂O, NO₂ etc.
Not harmful to
cells anymore

1. Direct antioxidant response

2. Indirect antioxidant response

- So where are we with regard to health and blackcurrant?
- Vit C is still king and the way forward for health.
- However the “interesting stuff” is still derived from the polyphenols

Cancer

Reduced cancer levels in oxidant induced animal systems.

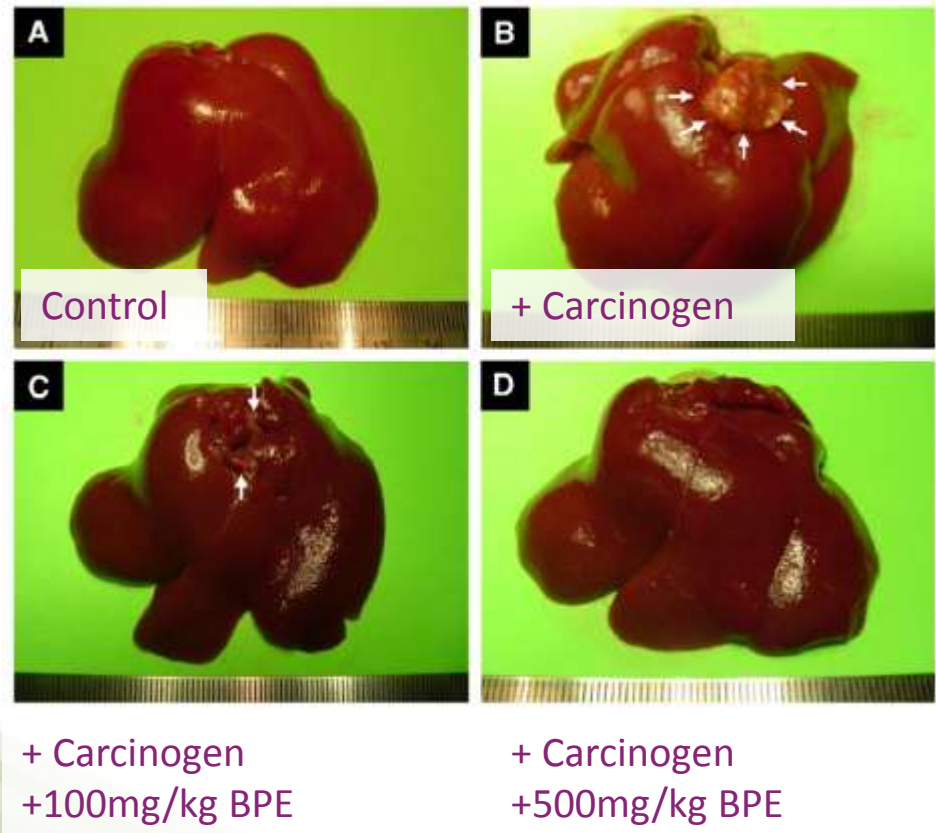


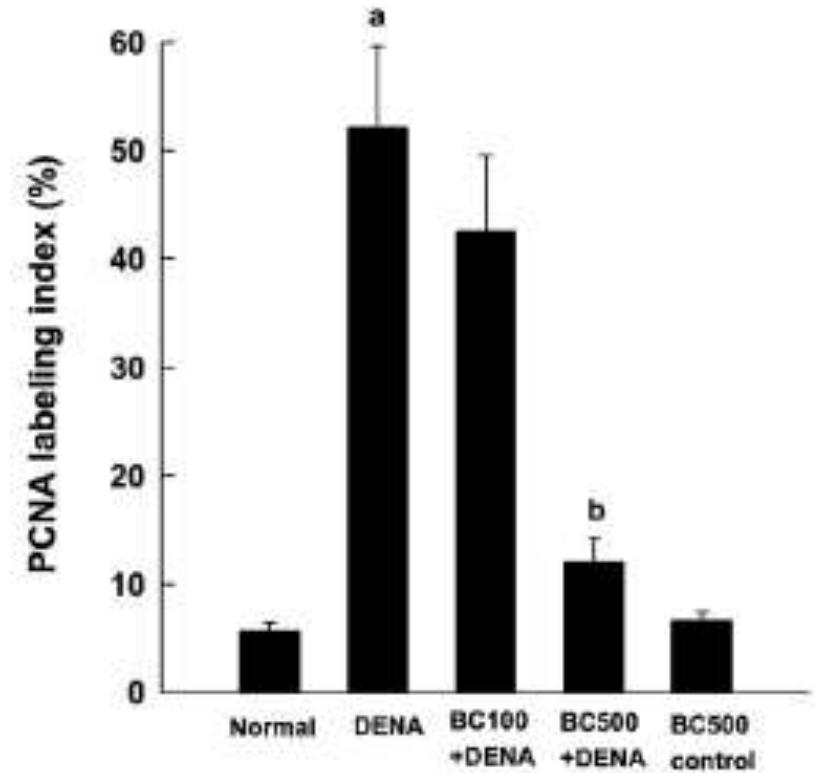
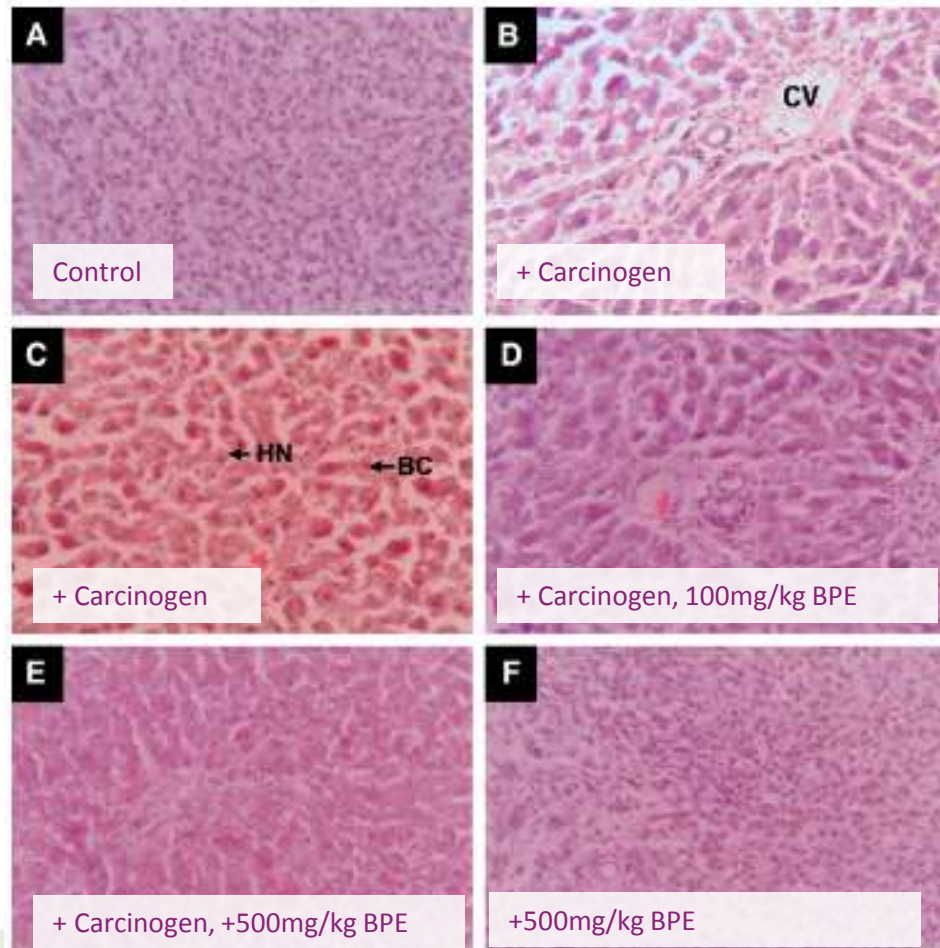
Cancer induction
& promotion



± Blackcurrant
polyphenol
extract

Reduction in macroscopic
hepatocyte nodule number, size
and proliferation.
BPE one had no deleterious
effects





Proliferative nuclear antigen (PCNA)

In Vitro (Cell) Systems

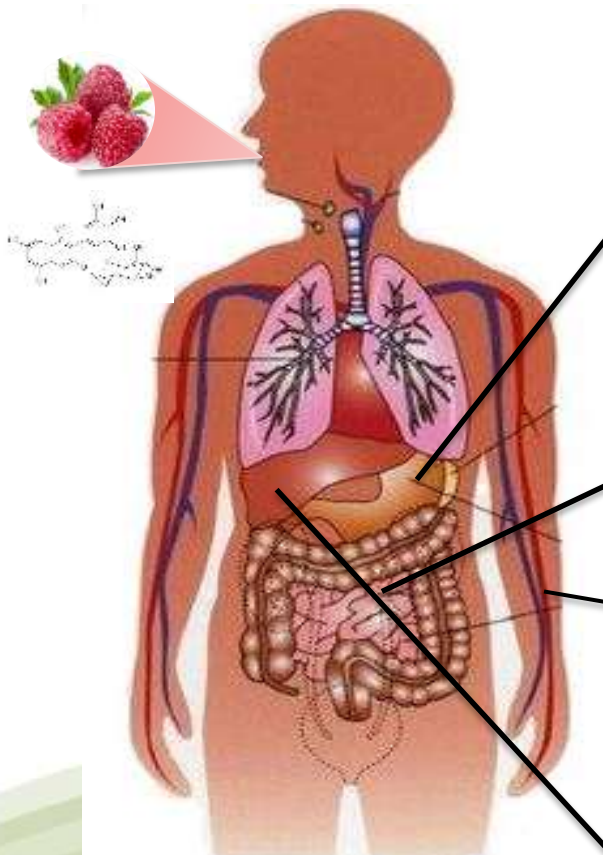
Black currant fraction	Cell line	Pharmacological effect	Reference
CARDIOVASCULAR SYSTEM			
Juice	J774A.1 macrophage cell line	Increased paraoxanase 1 expression, improving macrophage cholesterol attenuation	Rosenblat <i>et al.</i> , 2010 ⁶²
Extract	Human umbilical vein endothelial cells	Increased activation of endothelial NO synthase and dilation of blood vessels	Edirisinghe <i>et al.</i> , 2011 ⁶³
NERVOUS SYSTEM			
Extract	M1 transfected COS-7 cells	Increased recovery of calcium flux in type-1 muscarinic R's	Joseph <i>et al.</i> , 2004 ⁷⁰
PULMONARY SYSTEM			
Extract (proanthocyanidin)	A549 alveolar epithelial cell line	Induced CCL26 secretion and amplified interferon-gamma	Hurst <i>et al.</i> , 2010 ⁷¹
TUMORS			
Whole fruit extract	HT29 colon cancer; MCF-7 breast cancer	Decreased the proliferation of cancer cells	Olsson <i>et al.</i> , 2004 ⁷²
Whole fruit extract	HT29 colon cancer	Inhibited cancer cell growth	Wu <i>et al.</i> , 2007 ⁷³
Whole fruit extract	HeLa cervical cancer	Reduced cell viability	McDougall <i>et al.</i> , 2008 ⁷⁴
Juice	Caco-2 colorectal adenocarcinoma; MCF-7 and MDA-MB-231 breast cancer; AGS stomach adenocarcinoma; PC-3 prostate cancer	Suppressed cancer cell proliferation	Boivin <i>et al.</i> , 2007 ⁷⁵
CAPS	Ehrlich ascites tumor	Exhibited cytotoxicity	Takata <i>et al.</i> , 2005 ⁷⁶
Press residue extracts	Caco-2, HCT 116 and HT-29 colon cancer	Inhibited cell proliferation	Holtung <i>et al.</i> , 2011 ⁷⁷
Skin extract	HepG2 liver cancer	Displayed antiproliferative effect	Bishayee <i>et al.</i> , 2010 ⁷⁸

Black currant fraction	Animal model In Vivo: Model	Pharmacological effect	Reference
CARDIOVASCULAR SYSTEM			
Oil (GLA)	Spontaneously hypertensive rats	Decreased blood pressure values	Engler, 1993 ⁷⁹
Olive-blackcurrant-fish oil mixture	Wistar rats	Decreased serum TXA-B2 prothrombotic factor	Pregnotato, 1996 ⁸⁰
Anthocyanin fraction	Sprague-Dawley rats	Decreased relative amount of hepatic saturated fatty acids and increased plasma tocopherol levels	Frank <i>et al.</i> , 2002 ⁸¹
Black currant concentrate	Norepinephrine-precontracted thoracic aortas of rats	Induced vasodilation via H1 receptors to increase NO levels	Nakamura <i>et al.</i> , 2002 ⁸²
Oil	Wistar rats	Inhibited accumulation of n-3 PUFA in liver and significantly decreased plasma GSH	Vecera <i>et al.</i> , 2003 ⁸³
Seed oil	Wistar female rat blood samples	Decreased plasma GSH and <i>t</i> -butyl hydroperoxide-induced lipoperoxidation; did not effect hepatic GSH levels	Breinholt <i>et al.</i> , 2003 ⁸⁴
Anthocyanin fraction	Watanabe heritable hyperlipidemic rabbits	Increased LDL and cholesterol and decreased VLDL content	Nielsen <i>et al.</i> , 2005 ⁵⁶
Anthocyanin component (delphinidin-3-O-rutinoside)	rod outer-segment membranes in frogs	Inhibited endogenous NO and cGMP release	Matsumoto <i>et al.</i> , 2005 ⁸⁵
Concentrate (delphinidin)	Sprague-Dawley rats	Decreased peripheral vascular resistance	Iwasaki-Kurashige <i>et al.</i> , 2006 ⁸⁶

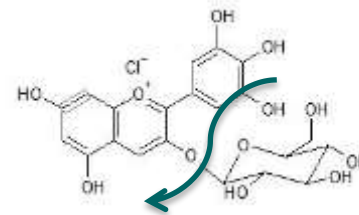
NERVOUS SYSTEM			
Oil (GLA)	Streptozotocin-induced diabetes in mature Sprague-Dawley rats	Modulated TXA2 and increased motor nerve conduction velocity	Dines <i>et al.</i> , 1996 ⁸⁷
OCULAR SYSTEM			
Juice extract (cyanidin)	Wistar rats and Japan White rabbits	Improved rhodopsin regeneration and dark adaptation by enhancing rhodopsin precursor formation	Matsumoto <i>et al.</i> , 2006 ⁸⁸
Extract	1 day old white Leghorn chicks	Inhibited enlargement of the globe component dimensions in artificially induced myopia	Iida <i>et al.</i> , 2010 ⁸⁹
PULMONARY SYSTEM			
Leaf extract (proanthocyanidin)	Saline-induced pleurisy and carrageenin-induced right hind limb edema in male Wistar rats	Decreased inflammation and inhibited neutrophilic cellular infiltration	Garbacki <i>et al.</i> , 2004 ⁴⁸
SKELETAL SYSTEM			
Seed oil	Monosodium urate crystal-induced inflammation in subcutaneous air pouches formed in Sprague-Dawley rats	Inhibited formation of monosodium urate crystal formation	Tate <i>et al.</i> , 1994 ⁹⁰
TUMORS			
Oil (GLA)	Metastatic 13762MAT:B breast tumor in the lungs of Fischer rats	Reduced the number of foci and tumor burden	Karmali <i>et al.</i> , 2004 ⁹¹
Juice	Xenografted Ehrlich ascites tumor in ICR mice	Inhibited tumor growth	Takata <i>et al.</i> , 2005 ⁷⁶
Modified CAPS	Xenografted Ehrlich ascities tumor in ICR Mice	Reduced tumor weight	Takata <i>et al.</i> , 2007 ⁹²
Skin extract	DENA-initiated and PB-promoted hepatocarcinogenesis in Sprague-Dawley rats	Suppressed the number, size, and volume of hepatocyte nodules	Bishayee <i>et al.</i> , 2011 ⁹³
		Lowered the number and area of GGT-positive foci; reduced the expression of HSP70, HSP90, COX-2 and NF-κB	Bishayee <i>et al.</i> , 2012 ⁹⁴
		Diminished lipid and protein oxidation; reduced the expression of iNOS, 3-NT, antioxidant enzymes and Nrf2	Thoppil <i>et al.</i> , 2012 ⁹⁵

Black currant fraction	Clinical study	Clinical effect	Reference
CARDIOVASCULAR SYSTEM			
Seed oil (GLA)	23 cryptogenic ischemia stroke patients undergoing transesophageal echocardiography, 26 known-cause stroke patients, 57 non stroke controls	Inhibited platelet formation, decreased fibrin formation, and increased anti-coagulant effect	Stone <i>et al.</i> , 1995 ⁹⁶
Concentrate (anthocyanin) ✓	Right trapezius muscles in 20 healthy human subjects	Induced relief of shoulder stiffness and decreased muscle fatigue via improved blood flow	Matsumoto <i>et al.</i> , 2005 ⁹⁷
Oil	Randomized, double- blind, crossover study of 15 healthy female subjects administered black currant seed oil supplements	Decreased LDL cholesterol levels when administered with fish oil	Tahvonen <i>et al.</i> , 2005 ⁹⁸
Juice ✓	Serum inflammatory markers in 48 peripheral artery disease patients	Reduced serum inflammatory markers such, e.g. C reactive protein	Dalgard <i>et al.</i> , 2009 ⁹⁹
Seed press residue	Serum and stool tocopherol concentrations in 36 healthy female subjects	Increased alpha- and gamma-tocopherol serum concentrations	Helbig <i>et al.</i> , 2009 ⁵¹
Oil (soft capsule)	Observational study of 2154 dyslipidemic patients	Increased serum HDL-C protein and lowered triglyceride and total cholesterol in low BMI patients with hyperlipidemia	Fa-Lin <i>et al.</i> , 2010 ¹⁰⁰
20% Juice (anthocyanin) ✓	Randomized, cross-over, double-blind, placebo-controlled acute meal study in 11 female and 9 male healthy volunteers	Did not have significant effect on total plasma nitrate, nitrite, ICAM, or VCAM levels	Jin <i>et al.</i> , 2011 ¹⁰¹
anthocyanin ✓	Cross-over study in 12 hypercholesterolemic patients	Increased NO-cGMP activation, improved serum lipid profile, decreased inflammatory markers	Zhu <i>et al.</i> , 2011 ¹⁰²

Absorption and metabolism of delphinidin



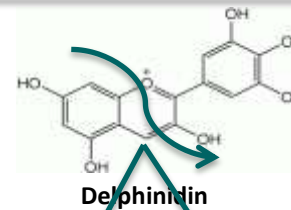
■ GUT



Delphinidin-3-O-glucoside

■ pH ~ 4

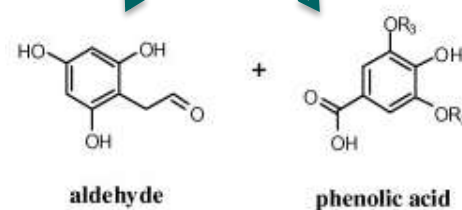
■ Small intestine



Delphinidin

■ pH ~ 7 - 8

■ Blood



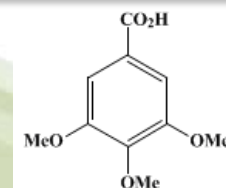
aldehyde

phenolic acid

■ pH ~ 7.4

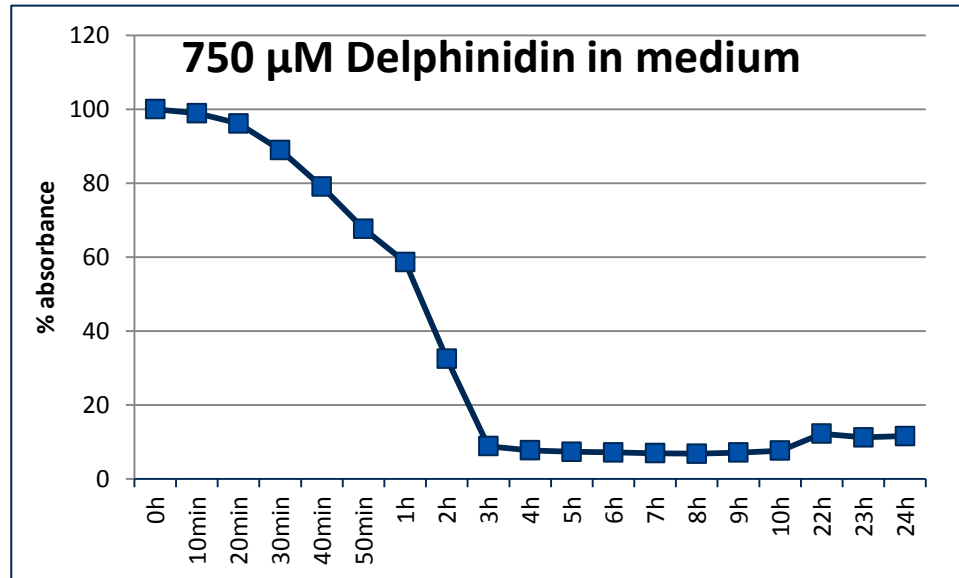
proglucinaldehyde + gallic acid

■ Liver



- Methylation
- Sulphation
- Glucuronidation

Delphinidin is very unstable compound



Anthocyanin stability is strongly affected many factors, such as:

- temperature
- solvents
- pH)
- anthocyanin structure
- light
- anthocyanin concentration
- accompanying substances

•Delphinidin degrades rapidly in cell culture medium (> 80% loss in 2 h; 37°C)

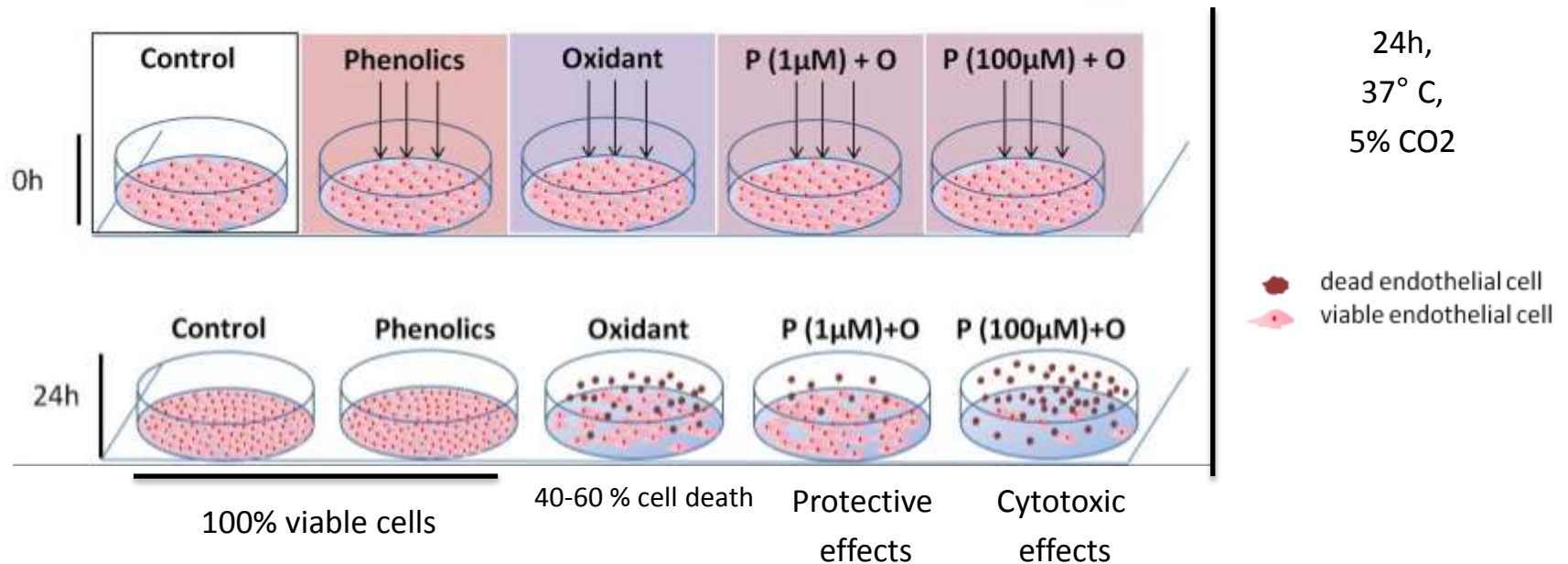
•Possible degradation products are: gallic acid and phloroglucinaldehyde

Media	pH	Delphinidin max absorbance [nm]
Cell culture medium (phenol red -free)	7.37	585
Trizma HCl	8.03	605
Acetic acid buffered with sodium acetate	4.23	560

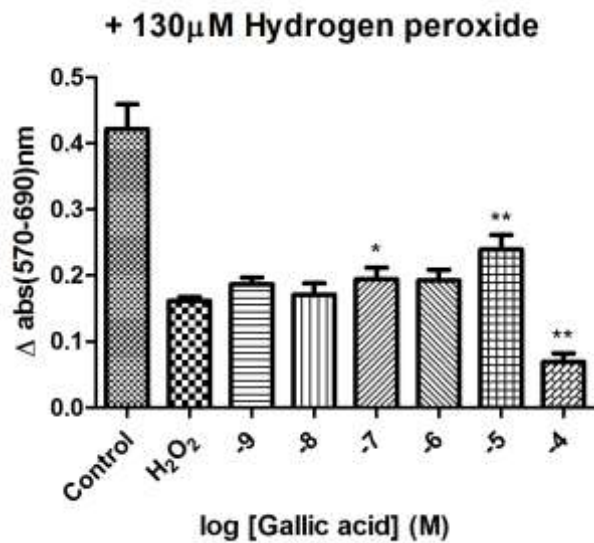
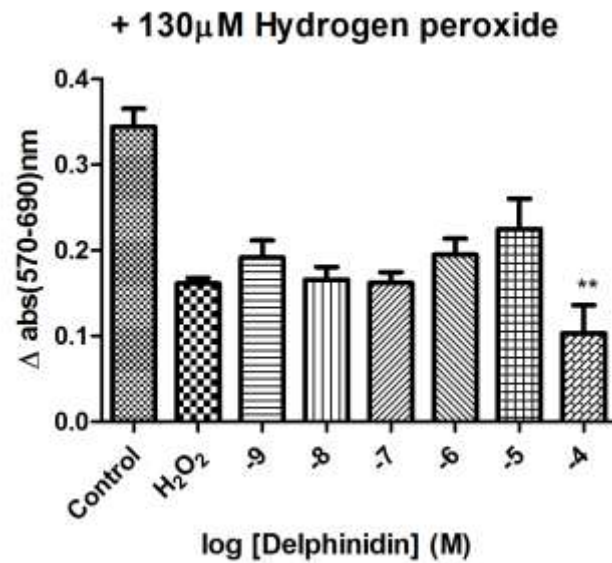
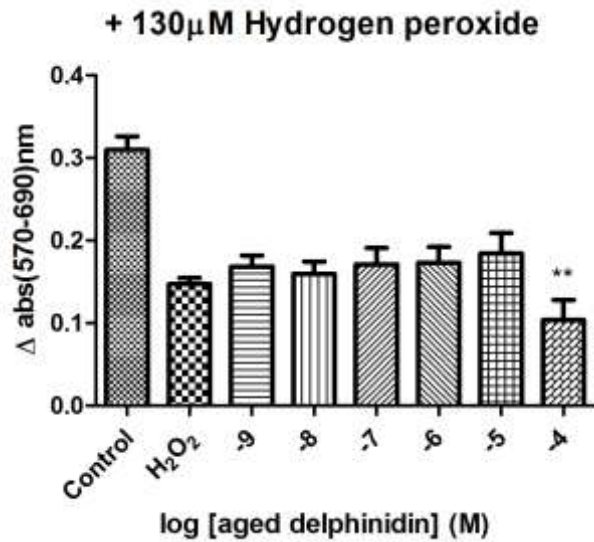
Testing protective effect of selected polyphenols against model of oxidative stress

HUVECs (human umbilical endothelial cells)	Oxidants	Concentrations	Phenolics	Concentrations
80-90% confluent cells used for treatment	H ₂ O ₂	130μM	Delphinidin	1nM, 10nM, 100nM, 1μM, 10μM, 100μM,
	Pyrogallol (OH ⁻)	140μM	"Aged delphinidin"	
Oxidants caused approx. 40-60% cell death			Gallic acid	
			THBA	

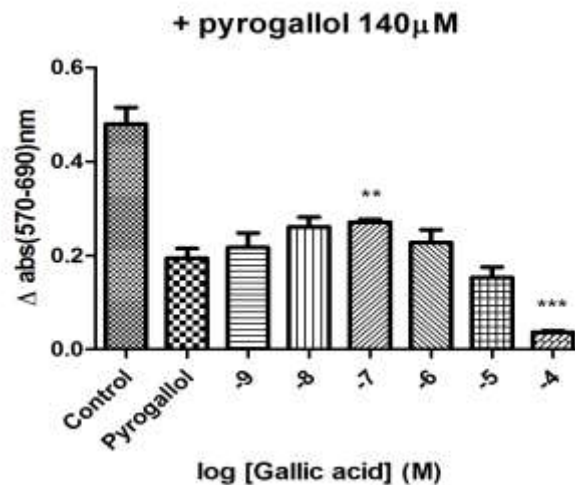
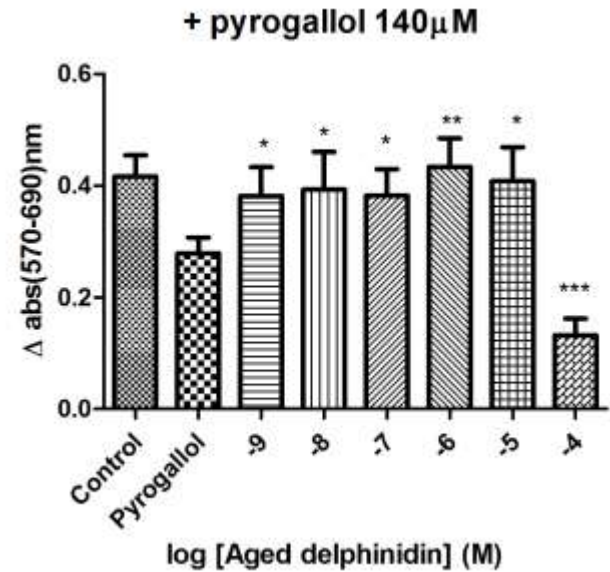
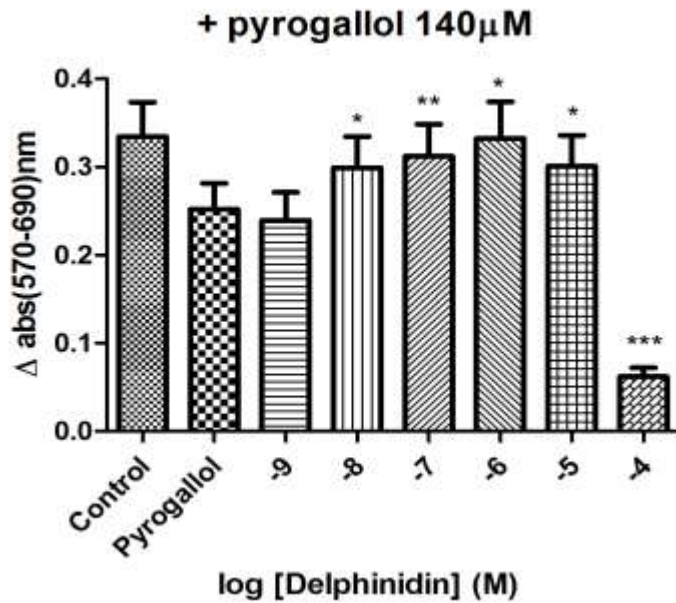
Co-treatment



Phenolics vs Hydrogen Peroxide



Phenolics vs Pyrogallol (OH⁻)



Faecal metabolism of berry polyphenols

But not the same subjects

Phenylacetic acid increased in 7/10 subjects

4-Hydroxy phenylacetic acid increased in 6/10 subjects

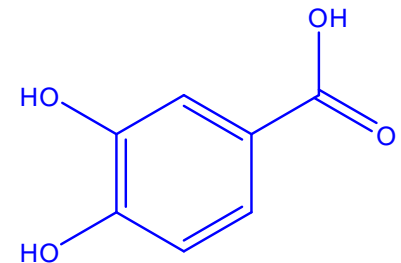
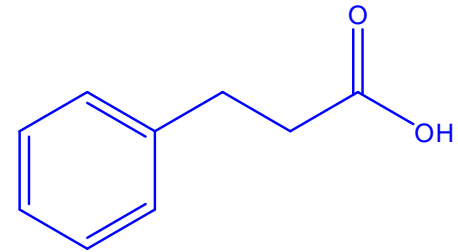
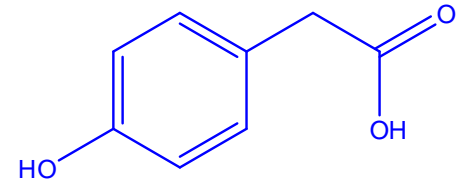
3-Hydroxy phenylacetic acid increased in 5/10 subjects

3-Phenylpropionic acid increased in 6/10 subjects

3(4-Hydroxy)-phenylpropionic acid increased in 5/10 subjects

3,4-Dihydroxy benzoic acid increased in 7/10 subjects

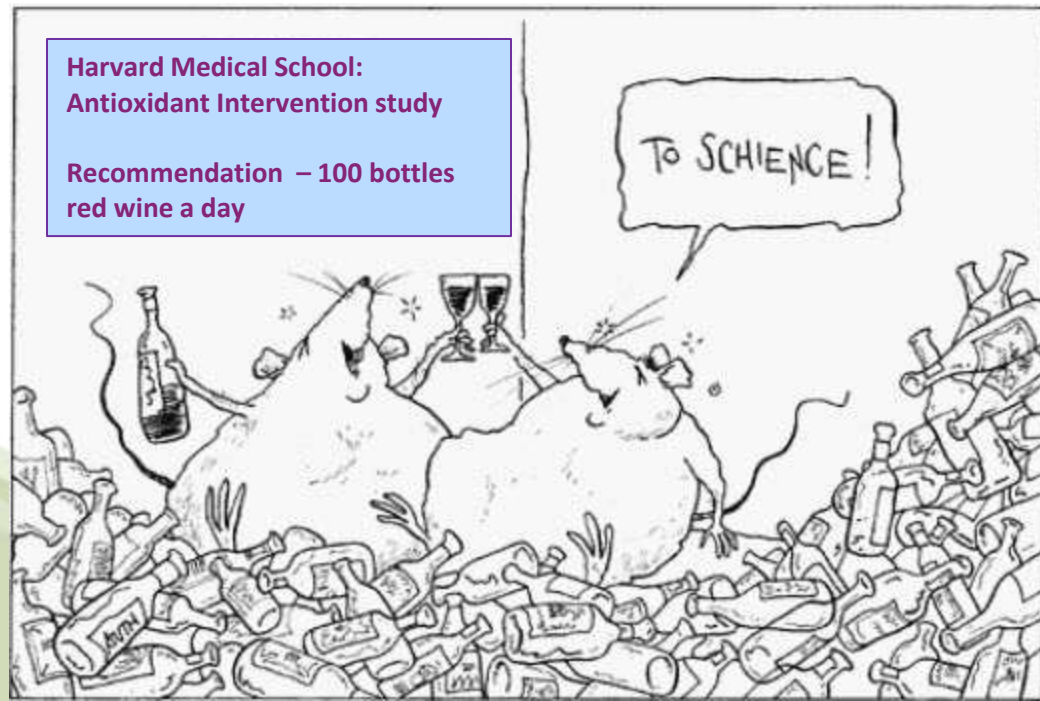
4-Hydroxy benzoic acid increased in 2/10 subjects



- Fits evidence from model studies with faecal inocula but shows large inter-individual variation
- Due to differences in diet or microflora?

Conclusions

- Caution with labelling and claiming that polyphenols have antioxidant-driven health value
- Need of conducting *in vitro/vivo* studies with relevant metabolites of polyphenols; Delphinidin Vs Metabolites
- Gallic acid rather the parent compound itself can be responsible for health beneficial effects
- And at appropriate concentrations in order to fully ascertain their mode of action *in vivo*
- Polyphenols have significant cytotoxic effects at concentrations at or above 10 μM
- Need a corroborating analytical system to establish the definitive derivation of blackcurrant. Stable isotope analysis of blackcurrant AND biological fluids



Acknowledgements

Funding body:

The Interreg IVB North Sea Region

ClimaFruit

University of the Highlands and Islands

Scottish Government

EUberry

The teams:

Prof. Ian L Megson (UHI),

Dr. Gordon McDougall (JHI),

Dr Gary Dobson (JHI)

Prof. Garry Duthie (UoA)

Alex Foito

Sean Conner

Katarzyna Goszcz

